PROPOSED SCHEME AND SYLLABUS OF FIRST YEAR UNDERGRADUATE DEGREE COURSES IN

ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

[Session 2018-19]

YMCA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, FARIDABAD

Curriculum for First Year
Undergraduate Degree Courses in Engineering & Technology

Chapter -1
General, Course structure & Theme
&
Semester-wise credit distribution

A. Definition of Credit:

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1 credit
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1 credit
1 Hr. Practical (P) per week 2 Hours Practical(Lab)/week	0.5 credits 1 credit

.

B. Course code and definition:

Course code	**Definitions**
L	Lecture
T	Tutorial
P	Practical
BSC	Basic Science Courses
ESC	Engineering Science Courses
HSMC	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses
PCC	Professional core courses
PEC	Professional Elective courses
OEC	Open Elective courses
LC	Laboratory course
MC	Mandatory courses
PROJ	Project

C. Category of Courses:

BASIC SCIENCE COURSES

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
2		Physics	3	1	3	5.5
1		Chemistry	3	1	3	5.5
3		Mathematics –I	3	1	0	4
4		Mathematics –2	3	1	0	4

ENGINEERING SCIENCE COURSES

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
1		Basic Electrical Engineering	3	1	2	5
2		Engineering Graphics & Design	1	0	4	3
3		Programming for Problem Solving	3	0	2	4
4		Workshop I	0	0	4	2
5		Workshop II	0	0	4	2

HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES INCLUDING MANAGEMENT

Sl. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
1		English	2	0	2	3

Chapter -2

Detailed first year curriculum contents

I. Mandatory Induction program

[Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year.]

3 weeks duration
• Physical activity • Creative Arts • Universal Human Values • Literary • Proficiency Modules • Lectures by Eminent People • Visits to local Areas • Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

YMCA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, FARIDABAD PROPOSED SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION

B.TECH 1st YEAR (SEMESTER -I) (ALL BRANCHES) COURSE STRUCTURE

Course Notation	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits	Sessional	External	Category Code
B	-	Physics*	3	1	-	4	25	75	BSC
C	-	Mathematics-I*	3	1	-	4	25	75	BSC
A	ESC101	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	1	-	4	25	75	ESC
B	ESC102	Engineering Graphics & Design	-	-	4	2	30	70	ESC
A	BSC 102	Chemistry	3	1	-	4	25	75	BSC
B	ESC103	Programming for Problem solving	3	-	-	3	25	75	ESC
C	ESC104	Workshop- I	-	-	4	2	30	70	ESC
A	HSMC101	English	2	-	-	2	25	75	HSMC
B	BSC104	Physics lab	-	-	3	1.5	15	35	BSC
A	ESC105	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	-	-	2	1	15	35	ESC
A	BSC 105	Chemistry Lab	-	-	3	1.5	15	35	BSC
B	ESC105	Programming for Problem solving Lab	-	-	4	2	15	35	ESC
A	HSMC102	English Lab	-	-	2	1	15	35	HSMC

Note: Exams duration will be as under

a. Theory exams will be of 03 hours duration.
b. Practical exams will be of 02 hours duration
c. Workshop exam will be of 03 hours duration

Important Notes:

Significance of the Course Notations used in this scheme: -

C = These courses are common to both the groups Group-A and Group-B.
A = Other compulsory courses for Group-A.
B = Other compulsory courses for Group-B.

Students will study either

Group A (BSC103..,ESC101, BSC102,ESC104,HSMC101,ESC105,BSC105,HSMC102)

OR

Group B (BSC101..,BSC103A/B,ESC102,ESC103,ESC104,BSC104,ESC105)

(* Branch specific scheme and syllabus for Maths-I, Math-II and Physics on next page)

YMCA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, FARIDABAD
PROPOSED SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION
B.TECH 1st YEAR (SEMESTER -II) (ALL BRANCHES) COURSE STRUCTURE

Course Notation	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits	Sessional	External	Category Code
A	-	Physics*	3	1	-	4	25	75	BSC
C	-	Mathematics-II*	3	1	-	4	25	75	BSC
B	ESC101	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	1	-	4	25	75	AECC
A	ESC102	Engineering Graphics & Design	1	-	4	3	30	70	BSC
B	BSC 102	Chemistry	3	1	-	4	25	75	BEC
A	ESC103	Programming for Problem solving	3	-	-	3	25	75	AECC
C	ESC106	Workshop- II	-	-	4	2	30	70	BEC
B	HSMC101	English	2	-	-	2	25	75	BEC
A	BSC104	Physics lab	-	-	3	1.5	15	35	BEC
B	ESC105	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	-	-	2	1	15	35	BSC
B	BSC 105	Chemistry Lab	-	-	3	1.5	15	35	BEC
A	ESC105	Programming for Problem solving Lab	-	-	2	1	15	35	BSC
B	HSMC102	English Lab	-	-	2	1	15	35	BEC

Note: Exams duration will be as under

a. Theory exams will be of 03 hours duration.
b. Practical exams will be of 02 hours duration
c. Workshop exam will be of 03 hours duration

S.No.	Course code	Course Title	Branch
1.	**BSC101 A**	**Physics** (Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory)	**Mechanical Engineering, Automation Engineering, Automobile Engineering**
2	**BSC101B**	**Physics** (Mechanics)	**Civil Engineering, Fashion Technology**
3	**BSC101C**	**Physics** (Waves and Optics)	**Electrical Engineering, Electronics & Communication Engineering, Electronics Instrumentation and Control Engineering, Electrical and Electronics Engineering**
4	**BSC101D**	**Physics** (Semiconductor Physics)	**Computer Engineering, Computer Science & Engineering, Information Technology**
5	**BSC103A**	**Mathematics-I (**Calculus and Linear Algebra)	**Mechanical Engineering, Automation Engineering, Automobile Engineering**
6	**BSC103 B**	**Mathematics-I (**Calculus, Multivariable Calculus & Linear Algebra)	**Civil Engineering**
7	**BSC103 C**	**Mathematics-I (**Calculus and Differential Equations)	**Electrical Engineering,**
8	**BSC103 D**	**Mathematics-I (**Calculus and Linear Algebra)	**Electronics & Communication Engineering, Electronics Instrumentation and Control Engineering, Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Fashion Technology**
9	**BSC103 E**	**Mathematics-I (**Calculus and Linear Algebra)	**Computer Engineering, Computer Science & Engineering, Information Technology**
10	**BSC106 A**	**Mathematics-II (**Calculus, ODE & Complex Variables)	**Mechanical Engineering, Automation Engineering, Automobile Engineering**
11	**BSC106 B**	**Mathematics-II (**Differential Equations)	**Civil Engineering**
12	**BSC106 C**	**Mathematics-II (**Linear Algebra, Transform Calculus and Numerical methods)	**Electrical Engineering,**
13	**BSC106 D**	**Mathematics-II (**Calculus, Ordinary Differential Equations and Complex Variable)	**Electronics & Communication Engineering, Electronics Instrumentation and Control Engineering, Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Fashion Technology**
14	**BSC106 E**	**Mathematics-II (**Probability & Statistics)	**Computer Engineering, Computer Science & Engineering, Information Technology**

Undergraduate Degree courses

Course code	BSC102(Th)/BSC105(Lab)				
Category	Basic Science Course				
Course title	**Chemistry (Theory & Lab.)** **Contents** (i) Chemistry-I (Concepts in chemistry for engineering) (ii) Chemistry Laboratory				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credits**	Semester –I/II
	3	**1**	**3**	**5.5**	
Pre-requisites (if any)	-				

(i)Chemistry (Concepts in chemistry for engineering) [L : 3; T:1; P : 0 (4 credits)]

Detailed contents

(i) Atomic and molecular structure (12 lectures)

Schrodinger equation. Particle in a box solutions and their applications for conjugated molecules and nanoparticles. Forms of the hydrogen atom wave functions and the plots of these functions to explore their spatial variations. Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules and plots of the multicenter orbitals. Equations for atomic and molecular orbitals. Energy level diagrams of diatomic. Pi-molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene and aromaticity. Crystal field theory and the energy level diagrams for transition metal ions and their magnetic properties. Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures.

(ii) Spectroscopic techniques and applications (8 lectures)

Principles of spectroscopy and selection rules. Electronic spectroscopy. Fluorescence and its applications in medicine. Vibrational and rotational spectroscopy of diatomic molecules. Applications. Nuclear magnetic resonance and magnetic resonance imaging, surface characterisation techniques. Diffraction and scattering.

(iii) Intermolecular forces and potential energy surfaces (4 lectures)

Ionic, dipolar and van Der Waals interactions. Equations of state of real gases and critical phenomena. Potential energy surfaces of H_3, H_2F and HCN and trajectories on these surfaces.

(iv) Use of free energy in chemical equilibria (6 lectures)

Thermodynamic functions: energy, entropy and free energy. Estimations of entropy and free energies. Free energy and emf. Cell potentials, the Nernst equation and applications. Acid base, oxidation reduction and solubility equilibria. Water chemistry. Corrosion. Use of free energy considerations in metallurgy through Ellingham diagrams.

(v) Periodic properties (4 Lectures)

Effective nuclear charge, penetration of orbitals, variations of s, p, d and f orbital energies of atoms in the periodic table, electronic configurations, atomic and ionic sizes, ionization energies, electron affinity and electronegativity, polarizability, oxidation states, coordination numbers and geometries, hard soft acids and bases, molecular geometries

(vi) Stereochemistry (4 lectures)

Representations of 3 dimensional structures, structural isomers and stereoisomers, configurations and symmetry and chirality, enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity, absolute configurations and conformational analysis. Isomerism in transitional metal compounds

(vii) Organic reactions and synthesis of a drug molecule (4 lectures)

Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction, cyclization and ring openings. Synthesis of a commonly used drug molecule.

Suggested Text Books

1. University chemistry, by B. H. Mahan
2. Chemistry: Principles and Applications, by M. J. Sienko and A. Plane
3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C. N. Banwell
4. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B. L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M. S. Krishnan
5. Physical Chemistry, by P. W. Atkins
6. Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K. P. C. Volhardt and N. E. Schore, 5th Edition

Course Outcomes

The concepts developed in this course will aid in quantification of several concepts in chemistry that have been introduced at the 10+2 levels in schools. Technology is being increasingly based on the electronic, atomic and molecular level modifications.

Quantum theory is more than 100 years old and to understand phenomena at nanometer levels, one has to base the description of all chemical processes at molecular levels. The course will enable the student to:

- Analyse microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic and molecular orbitals and intermolecular forces.
- Rationalise bulk properties and processes using thermodynamic considerations.
- Distinguish the ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques
- Rationalise periodic properties such as ionization potential, electronegativity, oxidation states and electronegativity.

- List major chemical reactions that are used in the synthesis of molecules.

(ii) Chemistry Laboratory[L : 0; T:0 ; P : 3 (1.5 credits)]

Choice of 10-12 experiments from the following:

- Determination of surface tension and viscosity
- Thin layer chromatography
- Ion exchange column for removal of hardness of water
- Determination of chloride content of water
- Colligative properties using freezing point depression
- Determination of the rate constant of a reaction
- Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions
- Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and emfs
- Synthesis of a polymer/drug
- Saponification/acid value of an oil
- Chemical analysis of a salt
- Lattice structures and packing of spheres
- Models of potential energy surfaces
- Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction
- Determination of the partition coefficient of a substance between two immiscible liquids
- Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal
- Use of the capillary viscosimeters to the demonstrate of the isoelectric point as the pH of minimum viscosity for gelatin sols and/or coagulation of the white part of egg .

Laboratory Outcomes

- The chemistry laboratory course will consist of experiments illustrating the principles of chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering. The students will learn to:
- Estimate rate constants of reactions from concentration of reactants/products as a function of time
- Measure molecular/system properties such as surface tension, viscosity, conductance of solutions, redox potentials, chloride content of water, etc
- Synthesize a small drug molecule and analyse a salt sample

Course code	BSC101A/B/C/D (Th)/BSC104 (Lab)				
Category	Basic Science Course				
Course title	**Physics (Theory & Lab.)**				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credit**	Semester-I/II
	3	**1**	**3**	**5.5**	

BSC101A: Physics (Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory)
(Mechanical Engineering, Automation Engineering and Automobile Engineering)
Prerequisite: Mathematics course with vector calculus

Unit 1: Electrostatics in vacuum (8)

Calculation of electric field and electrostatic potential for a charge distribution; Divergence and curl of electrostatic field; Laplace's and Poisson's equations for electrostatic potential and uniqueness of their solution and connection with steady state diffusion and thermal conduction; Practical examples like Faraday's cage and coffee-ring effect; Boundary conditions of electric field and electrostatic potential; method of images; energy of a charge distribution and its expression in terms of electric field.

Unit 2: Electrostatics in a linear dielectric medium (4)

Electrostatic field and potential of a dipole. Bound charges due to electric polarization; Electric displacement; boundary conditions on displacement; Solving simple electrostatics problems in presence of dielectrics – Point charge at the centre of a dielectric sphere, charge in front of a dielectric slab, dielectric slab and dielectric sphere in uniform electric field.

Unit 3: Magnetostatics (6)

Bio-Savart law, Divergence and curl of static magnetic field; vector potential and calculating it for a given magnetic field using Stokes' theorem; the equation for the vector potential and its solution for given current densities.

Unit 4: Magnetostatics in a linear magnetic medium (3)

Magnetization and associated bound currents; auxiliary magnetic field; Boundary conditions on Solving for magnetic field due to simple magnets like a bar magnet; magnetic susceptibility and feromagnetic, paramagnetic and diamagnetic materials; Qualitative discussion of magnetic field in presence of magnetic materials.

Unit 5: Faraday's law (4)

Faraday's law in terms of EMF produced by changing magnetic flux; equivalence of Faraday's law and motional EMF; Lenz's law; Electromagnetic breaking and its applications; Differential form of Faraday's law expressing curl of electric field in terms of time-derivative of magnetic field and calculating electric field due to changing magnetic fields in quasi-static approximation; energy stored in a magnetic field.

Unit 6: Displacement current, Magnetic field due to time-dependent electric field and

Maxwell's equations (5)

Continuity equation for current densities; Modifying equation for the curl of magnetic field to satisfy continuity equation; displace current and magnetic field arising from time- dependent electric field; calculating magnetic field due to changing electric fields in quasi- static approximation. Maxwell's equation in vacuum and non-conducting medium; Energy in an electromagnetic field; Flow of energy and Poynting vector with examples. Qualitative discussion of momentum in

electromagnetic fields.

Unit 7: Electromagnetic waves (8)

The wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, their transverse nature and polarization; relation between electric and magnetic fields of an electromagnetic wave; energy carried by electromagnetic waves and examples. Momentum carried by electromagnetic waves and resultant pressure. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non- conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

Text Book:

(i) David Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics

Reference books:

(i) Halliday and Resnick, Physics
(ii) W. Saslow, Electricity, magnetism and light

BSC101B: Physics (Mechanics)
(Civil Engineering and Fashion Technology)
Prerequisites: High-school education

Unit 1: Scalars and Vectors (8)

Transformation of scalars and vectors under Rotation transformation

Forces in Nature; Newton's laws and its completeness in describing particle motion; Form invariance of Newton's Second Law; Solving Newton's equations of motion in polar coordinates; Problems including constraints and friction; Extension to cylindrical and spherical coordinates

Unit 2: Potential energy function (7)

F = - Grad V, equipotential surfaces and meaning of gradient; Conservative and non-conservative forces, curl of a force field; Central forces; Conservation of Angular Momentum; Energy equation and energy diagrams; Elliptical, parabolic and hyperbolic orbits; Kepler problem; Application: Satellite manoeuvres;

Unit 3: Non-inertial frames of reference (5)

Rotating coordinate system: Five-term acceleration formula- Centripetal and Coriolisaccelerations; Applications: Weather systems, Foucault pendulum;

Unit 4: Simple harmonic Motion (6)

Harmonic oscillator; Damped harmonic motion – over-damped, critically damped and lightly-damped oscillators; Forced oscillations and resonance

Unit 5: Rigid body (5)

Definition and motion of a rigid body in the plane; Rotation in the plane;

Kinematics in a coordinate system rotating and translating in the plane; Angular momentum about a point of a rigid body in planar motion; Euler's laws of motion, their independence from Newton's laws, and their necessity in describing rigid body motion; Examples

Unit 6: Three Dimensional Rigid body motion (7)

Introduction to three-dimensional rigid body motion — only need to highlight the distinction from two-dimensional motion in terms of (a) Angular velocity vector, and its rate of change and (b) Moment of inertia tensor; Three-dimensional motion of a rigid body wherein all points move in a coplanar manner: e.g. Rod executing conical motion with center of mass fixed — only need to show that this motion looks two-dimensional but is three-dimensional, and two- dimensional formulation fails.

Reference books:

(i) Engineering Mechanics, 2nd ed. — MK Harbola
(ii) Introduction to Mechanics — MK Verma
(iii) An Introduction to Mechanics — D Kleppner& R Kolenkow
(iv) Principles of Mechanics — JL Synge & BA Griffiths
(v) Mechanics — JP Den Hartog
(vi) Engineering Mechanics - Dynamics, 7^{th}ed. - JL Meriam
(vii) Mechanical Vibrations — JP Den Hartog
(viii) Theory of Vibrations with Applications — WT Thomson

BSC101C: Physics (Waves and Optics)
(Electrical, ECE, EIC, Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Prerequisites:

(i) Mathematics course on Differential equations

(ii) Introduction to Electromagnetic theory

Unit 1: Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator (7)

Mechanical and electrical simple harmonic oscillators, complex number notation and phasor representation of simple harmonic motion, damped harmonic oscillator – heavy, critical and light damping, energy decay in a damped harmonic oscillator, quality factor, forced mechanical and electrical oscillators, electrical and mechanical impedance, steady state motion of forced damped harmonic oscillator, power absorbed by oscillator

Unit 2: Non-dispersive transverse and longitudinal waves in one dimension and introductionto dispersion (7)

Transverse wave on a string, the wave equation on a string, Harmonic waves, reflection and transmission of waves at a boundary, impedance matching, standing waves and their eigenfrequencies, longitudinal waves and the wave equation for them, acoustics waves and speed of sound, standing sound waves. Waves with dispersion, water waves, superposition of waves and Fourier method, wave groups and group velocity.

Unit 3: The propagation of light and geometric optics (10)

Fermat's principle of stationary time and its applications e.g. in explaining mirage effect, laws of reflection and refraction, Light as an electromagnetic wave and Fresnel equations, reflectance and transmittance, Brewster's angle, total internal reflection, and evanescent wave. Mirrors and lenses and optical instruments based on them, transfer formula and the matrix method

Unit 4: Wave optics (6)

Huygens' principle, superposition of waves and interference of light by wavefront splitting and amplitude splitting; Young's double slit experiment, Newton's rings, Michelson interferometer, Mach-Zehnder interferometer. Farunhofer diffraction from a single slit and a circular aperture, the Rayleigh criterion for limit of resolution and its application to vision; Diffraction gratings and their resolving power

Unit 5: Lasers (8)

Einstein's theory of matter radiation interaction and A and B coefficients; amplification of light by population inversion, different types of lasers: gas lasers (He-Ne, CO2), solid-state lasers(ruby,Neodymium), dye lasers; Properties of laser beams: monochromaticity, coherence, directionality and brightness, laser speckles, applications of lasers in science, engineering and medicine.

Reference books:

(i) Ian G. Main, Oscillations and waves in physics

(ii) H.J. Pain, The physics of vibrations and waves (iii) E. Hecht, Optics (iv) A. Ghatak, Optics (v) O. Svelto, Principles of Lasers

BSC101D: Physics (Semiconductor Physics)
(CE, CSE and Information Technology)
Prerequisite: Introduction to Quantum Mechanics

Unit 1: Electronic materials (8)

Free electron theory, Density of states and energy band diagrams, Kronig-Penny model (to introduce origin of band gap), Energy bands in solids, E-k diagram, Direct

and indirect bandgaps, Types of electronic materials: metals, semiconductors, and insulators, Density of states, Occupation probability, Fermi level, Effective mass, Phonons.

Unit 2: Semiconductors (10)

Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Dependence of Fermi level on carrier-concentration and temperature (equilibrium carrier statistics), Carrier generation and recombination, Carrier transport: diffusion and drift, p-n junction, Metal-semiconductor junction (Ohmic and Schottky), Semiconductor materials of interest for optoelectronic devices.

Unit 3: Light-semiconductor interaction (6)

Optical transitions in bulk semiconductors: absorption, spontaneous emission, and stimulated emission; Joint density of states, Density of states for photons, Transition rates (Fermi's golden rule), Optical loss and gain; Photovoltaic effect, Exciton, Drude model.

Unit 4: Measurements (6)

Four-point probe and van der Pauw measurements for carrier density, resistivity, and hall mobility; Hot-point probe measurement, capacitance-voltage measurements, parameter extraction from diode I-V characteristics, DLTS, band gap by UV-Vis spectroscopy, absorption/transmission.

Unit 5: Engineering semiconductor materials (6)

Density of states in 2D, 1d and 0D (qualitatively). Practical examples of low-dimensional systems such as quantum wells, wires, and dots: design, fabrication, and characterization techniques. Heterojunctions and associated band-diagrams

References:

(i) J. Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, McGraw-Hill Inc. (1995).

(ii) B. E. A. Saleh and M. C. Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., (2007).

(iii) S. M. Sze, Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, Wiley (2008).

(iv) A. Yariv and P. Yeh, Photonics: Optical Electronics in Modern Communications, OxfordUniversity Press, New York (2007).

(v) P. Bhattacharya, Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices, Prentice Hall of India (1997).

(vi) Online course: “Semiconductor Optoelectronics” by M R Shenoy on NPTEL

(vii) Online course: "Optoelectronic Materials and Devices" by Monica Katiyar and Deepak Guptaon NPTEL

Course code	BSC103A/B/C/D/E				
Category	Basic Science Course				
Course title	**Mathematics –I**				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credit**	Semester – I
	3	**1**	**0**	**4**	
Pre-requisites (if any)	-				

BSC103A: MATHEMATICS 1(Calculus and Linear Algebra).

(Mechanical Engineering, Automation Engineering and Automobile Engineering)

Contents

Module 1: Calculus: (6 lectures)

Evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.

Module 2: Calculus: (6 lectures)

Rolle's Theorem, Mean value theorems, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.

Module 3: Sequences and series: (10 lectures)

Convergence of sequence and series, tests for convergence; Power series, Taylor's series, series for exponential, trigonometric and logarithm functions; Fourier series: Half range sine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem.

Module 4: Multivariable Calculus (Differentiation): (8 lectures)

Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, total derivative; Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points; Method of Lagrange multipliers; Gradient, curl and divergence.

Module 5: Matrices (10 lectures)

Inverse and rank of a matrix, rank-nullity theorem; System of linear equations; Symmetric, skew-symmetric and orthogonal matrices; Determinants; Eigenvalues and eigenvectors; Diagonalization of matrices; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, and Orthogonal transformation.

Suggested Text/Reference Books

(i) G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

(ii) Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

(iii) Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.

(iv) Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11th Reprint, 2010.

(v) D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2nd Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.

(vi) N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.

(vii) B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.

Course Outcomes

The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in calculus, multivariate analysis and linear algebra. It aims to equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level that will serve them well towards tackling more advanced level of mathematics and applications that they would find useful in their disciplines.

The students will learn:

- To apply differential and integral calculus to notions of curvature and to improper integrals. Apart from some other applications they will have a basic understanding of Beta and Gamma functions.
- The fallouts of Rolle's Theorem that is fundamental to application of analysis to Engineering problems.
- The tool of power series and Fourier series for learning advanced Engineering Mathematics.
- To deal with functions of several variables that are essential in most branches of engineering.
- The essential tool of matrices and linear algebra in a comprehensive manner.

BSC103B: Mathematics-I (Calculus, Multivariable Calculus & Linear Algebra)

(Civil Engineering)

Module 1: Calculus: (6 hours) Calculus (Single Variable)

Evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.

Module 2: Calculus: (6 hours)

Rolle's theorem, Mean value theorems, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.

Module 3: Sequences and series: (10 hours)

Convergence of sequence and series, tests for convergence, power series, Taylor's series. Series for exponential, trigonometric and logarithmic functions; Fourier series: Half range sine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem.

Multivariable Calculus

Module 4: Multivariable Calculus (Differentiation) (10 hours)

Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, total derivative; Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points; Method of Lagrange multipliers; Gradient, curl and divergence.

Module 5: Multivariable Calculus (Integration) (10 hours)

Multiple Integration: double and triple integrals (Cartesian and polar), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes by (double integration) Center of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities). Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes, orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Simple applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepipeds.

Matrices and Linear Algebra

Module 6:Matrices (8 hours)

Matrices, vectors: addition and scalar multiplication, matrix multiplication; Linear systems of equations, linear Independence, rank of a matrix, determinants, Cramer's Rule, inverse of a matrix, Gauss elimination and Gauss-Jordan elimination.

Module 7:Vector spaces (10 hours)

Vector Space, linear dependence of vectors, basis, dimension; Linear transformations (maps), range and kernel of a linear map, rank and nullity, Inverse of a linear transformation, rank- nullity theorem, composition of linear maps, Matrix associated with a linear map.

Module 8:Vector spaces (10 hours)

Eigen values, eigen vectors, symmetric, skew-symmetric, and orthogonal

Matrices, eigen bases. Diagonalization; Inner product spaces, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization.

Textbooks/References:

1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

2. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.

3. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11th Reprint, 2010.

4. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.

5. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 35th Edition, 2000.

6. D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2nd Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.

7. V. Krishnamurthy, V.P. Mainra and J.L. Arora, An introduction to Linear Algebra, Affiliated East–West press, Reprint 2005.

8.Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

BSC103C: Mathematics-I (Calculus and Differential Equations)

(Electrical Engineering)

Contents

Module 1: Calculus (8 hours)

Evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions. Rolle’s theorem, Mean value theorems, Taylor’s and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.

Module 2: Sequences and Series (7 hours)

Convergence of sequence and series, tests for convergence, power series, Taylor's series. Series for exponential, trigonometric and logarithmic functions; Fourier series: Half range sine and cosine series, Parseval’s theorem.

Module 3: Multivariable Calculus: Differentiation (6 hours)

Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, total derivative; Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points; Method of

Lagrange multipliers; Gradient, curl and divergence.

Module 4: Multivariable Calculus: Integration (7 hours)

Multiple Integration: double and triple integrals (Cartesian and polar), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes by (double integration) Center of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities). Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes, orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Simple applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepipeds.

Module 5: First Order Ordinary Differential Equations (3 hours)

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.

Module 6: Ordinary Differential Equations of Higher Order (6 hours)

Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation; Power series solutions; Legendre polynomials, Bessel functions of the first kind and their properties.

Module 7: Partial Differential Equations: First Order (3 hours)

First order partial differential equations, solutions of first order linear and non-linear PDEs.

Text / References:

1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, " Calculus and Analytic geometry" , Pearson, 2002.
2. T. Veerarajan, " Engineering Mathematics" , McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
3. B. V. Ramana, " Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2010.
4. N.P. Bali and M. Goyal, " A text book of Engineering Mathematics" , Laxmi Publications, 2010.
5. B.S. Grewal, " Higher Engineering Mathematics" , Khanna Publishers, 2000.
6. E. Kreyszig, " Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
7. W. E. Boyce and R. C. DiPrima, " Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems" , Wiley India, 2009.
8. S. L. Ross, " Differential Equations" , Wiley India, 1984.
9. E. A. Coddington, " An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations" , Prentice Hall India, 1995.
10. E. L. Ince, " Ordinary Differential Equations" , Dover Publications, 1958.
11. G.F. Simmons and S.G. Krantz, " Differential Equations" , McGraw Hill, 2007.

BSC103D: MATHEMATICS 1(Calculus and Linear Algebra).

(EE, EIC, EEE, Fashion Technology)

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in calculus, multivariate analysis and linear algebra. It aims to equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level that will serve them well towards tackling more advanced level of mathematics and applications that they would find useful in their disciplines. More precisely, the objectives are:

- To introduce the idea of applying differential and integral calculus to notions of curvature and to improper integrals. Apart from some applications it gives a basic introduction on Beta and Gamma functions.
- To introduce the fallouts of Rolle's Theorem that is fundamental to application of analysis to Engineering problems.
- To develop the tool of power series and Fourier series for learning advanced Engineering Mathematics.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables that is essential in most branches of engineering.
- To develop the essential tool of matrices and linear algebra in a comprehensive manner.

Module 1: Calculus: (6 hours)

Evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.

Module 2: Calculus: (6 hours)

Rolle's Theorem, Mean value theorems, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.

Module 3:Sequences and series: (10 hours)

Convergence of sequence and series, tests for convergence; Power series, Taylor's series, series for exponential, trigonometric and logarithm functions; Fourier series: Half range sine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem.

Module 4:Multivariable Calculus (Differentiation): (8 hours)

Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, total derivative; Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points; Method of

Lagrange multipliers; Gradient, curl and divergence.

Module 5:Matrices (10hours)

Inverse and rank of a matrix,rank-nullity theorem; System of linear equations; Symmetric, skew- symmetric and orthogonal matrices; Determinants; Eigenvalues and eigenvectors; Diagonalization of matrices; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, and Orthogonal transformation.

Textbooks/References:

1.G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition,Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

3. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.

4. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11thReprint, 2010.

5.D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2nd Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.

6.N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.

7. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.

BSC103E: MATHEMATICS 1 (Calculus and Linear Algebra)

(CE, CSE and IT)

Module 1: Calculus: (6 hours)

Evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.

Module 2: Calculus: (6 hours)

Rolle’s theorem, Mean value theorems, Taylor’s and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.

Module 3:Matrices (8 hours)

Matrices, vectors: addition and scalar multiplication, matrix multiplication; Linear systems of equations, linear Independence, rank of a matrix, determinants, Cramer's Rule, inverse of a matrix, Gauss elimination and Gauss-Jordan elimination.

Module 4:Vector spaces (10 hours)

Vector Space, linear dependence of vectors, basis, dimension; Linear transformations (maps), range and kernel of a linear map, rank and nullity, Inverse of a linear transformation, rank- nullity theorem, composition of linear maps, Matrix associated with a linear map.

Module 5:Vector spaces (10 hours)

Eigenvalues, eigenvectors, symmetric, skew-symmetric, and orthogonal Matrices, eigenbases. Diagonalization; Inner product spaces, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization.

Textbooks/References:

1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

3. D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2nd Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.

4. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.

5. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11th Reprint, 2010.

6. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.

7. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 35th Edition, 2000.

8. V. Krishnamurthy, V.P. Mainra and J.L. Arora, An introduction to Linear Algebra, Affiliated East–West press, Reprint 2005.

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Course code	BSC106A				
Category	Basic Science Course				
Course title	**Mathematics -II (General)** **(Calculus, Ordinary Differential Equations and Complex Variable)**				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credit**	Semester-II
	3	**1**	**0**	**4**	
Pre-requisites (if any)	**-**				

BSC106A: MATHEMATICS II (Calculus, Ordinary Differential Equations and Complex Variable)

(ME, Automobile Engineering, Automation Engineering)

Detailed contents

Module 1: Multivariable Calculus (Integration): (10 lectures)

Multiple Integration: Double integrals (Cartesian), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes, Center of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities); Triple integrals (Cartesian), orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Simple applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepipeds; Scalar line integrals, vector line integrals, scalar surface integrals, vector surface integrals, Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes.

Module 2: First order ordinary differential equations: (6 lectures)

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.

Module 3: Ordinary differential equations of higher orders: (8 lectures)

Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation; Power series solutions; Legendre polynomials, Bessel functions of the first kind and their properties.

Module 4: Complex Variable – Differentiation: (8 lectures)

Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties; Conformal mappings, Mobius

transformations and their properties.

Module 5: Complex Variable – Integration: (8 lectures)

Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem (without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof), Liouville's theorem and Maximum-Modulus theorem (without proof); Taylor's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine, Evaluation of certain improper integrals using the Bromwich contour.

Suggested Text/Reference Books

(i) G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

(ii) Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

(iii) W. E. Boyce and R. C. DiPrima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, 9th Edn., Wiley India, 2009.

(iv) S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.

(v) E. A. Coddington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hal India, 1995.

(vi) E. L. Ince, Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 1958.

(vii) J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7th Ed., Mc- Graw Hill, 2004.

(viii) N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.

(ix) B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.

Course Outcomes

The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in multivariate integration, ordinary and partial differential equations and complex variables. It aims to equip the students to deal with advanced level of mathematics and applications that would be essential for their disciplines.

The students will learn:

- The mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.
- The effective mathematical tools for the solutions of differential equations that model physical processes.
- The tools of differentiation and integration of functions of a complex variable that are used in various techniques dealing engineering problems.

BSC106B: MATHEMATICS II (Differential equations)

(Civil Engineering)

Module 1:First order ordinary differential equations(6 hours)

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.

Module 2:Ordinary differential equations of higher orders (8 hours)

Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation; Power series solutions; Legendre polynomials, Bessel functions of the first kind and their properties.

Module 3:Partial Differential Equations – First order (Prerequisite 5a-b) (6 hours)

First order partial differential equations, solutions of first order linear and non-linear PDEs.

Module 4: Partial Differential Equations – Higher order (Prerequisite 5b-c) (10 hours) Solution to homogenous and non-homogenous linear partial differential equations second and higher order by complimentary function and particular integral method. Flows, vibrations and diffusions, second-order linear equations and their classification, Initial and boundary conditions (with an informal description of well-posed problems), D'Alembert's solution of the wave equation; Duhamel's principle for one dimensional wave equation. Separation of variables method to simple problems in Cartesian coordinates. The Laplacian in plane, cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates, solutions with Bessel functions and Legendre functions. One dimensional diffusion equation and its solution by separation of variables. Boundary-value problems: Solution of boundary-value problems for various linear PDEs in various geometries.

Textbooks/References:

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

2. W. E. Boyce and R. C. DiPrima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary

Value Problems, 9th Edition, Wiley India, 2009.

3. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.

4. E. A. Coddington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hall India, 1995.

5. E. L. Ince, Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 1958.

6. G.F. Simmons and S.G. Krantz, Differential Equations, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.

7. S. J. Farlow, Partial Differential Equations for Scientists and Engineers, Dover Publications, 1993.

8. R. Haberman, Elementary Applied Partial Differential equations with Fourier Series and Boundary Value Problem, 4th Ed., Prentice Hall, 1998.

9. Ian Sneddon, Elements of Partial Differential Equations, McGraw Hill, 1964.

10. Manish Goyal and N.P. Bali, Transforms and Partial Differential Equations, University Science Press, Second Edition, 2010.

BSC106C: MATHEMATICS II (Linear Algebra, Transform Calculus and Numerical Methods)

(Electrical Engineering)

Module 1: Matrices (10 hours)

Algebra of matrices, Inverse and rank of a matrix, rank-nullity theorem; System of linear equations; Symmetric, skew-symmetric and orthogonal matrices; Determinants; Eigenvalues and eigenvectors; Diagonalization of matrices; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Orthogonal transformation and quadratic to canonical forms.

Module 2: Numerical Methods-I (10 hours)

Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations – Bisection method, Newton-Raphson method and Regula-Falsi method. Finite differences, Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae. Central difference interpolation: Gauss's forward and backward formulae. Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8 rules.

Module 3: Numerical Methods-II (10 hours)

Ordinary differential equations: Taylor's series, Euler and modified Euler's methods. Runge- Kutta method of fourth order for solving first and second order equations. Milne's and Adam's predicator-corrector methods. Partial differential equations: Finite difference solution two dimensional Laplace equation and Poisson equation, Implicit and explicit methods for one dimensional heat equation (Bender-Schmidt and Crank-Nicholson methods), Finite difference explicit method for wave equation.

Module 4: Transform Calculus (10 hours)

Laplace Transform, Properties of Laplace Transform, Laplace transform of periodic functions. Finding inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem. Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transform, solving ODEs and PDEs by Laplace Transform method. Fourier transforms**.**

Text / References:

1. Poole, " Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction", Brooks/Cole, 2005.
2. N.P. Bali and M. Goyal, " A text book of Engineering Mathematics" , Laxmi

Publications, 2008.
3. B.S. Grewal, " Higher Engineering Mathematics" , Khanna Publishers, 2010.
4. V. Krishnamurthy, V. P. Mainra and J. L. Arora, " An introduction to Linear Algebra" , Affiliated East-West press, 2005

BSC106D: MATHEMATICS II (Calculus, Ordinary Differential Equations and Complex Variable)

(ECE, EIC, EEE and fashion Technology)

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in multivariate integration, ordinary and partial differential equations and complex variables. It aims to equip the students to deal with advanced level of mathematics and applications that would be essential for their disciplines. More precisely, the objectives are:

a. To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.
b. To introduce effective mathematical tools for the solutions of differential equations that model physical processes.
c. To introduce the tools of differentiation and integration of functions of complex variable that are used in various techniques dealing engineering problems.

Module 1:Multivariable Calculus (Integration): (10 hours)

Multiple Integration: Double integrals (Cartesian), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes, Center of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities);Triple integrals (Cartesian), orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Simple applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepipeds; Scalar line integrals, vector line integrals, scalar surface integrals, vector surface integrals, Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes.

Module 2:First order ordinary differential equations:(6 hours)

Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.

Module 3:Ordinary differential equations of higher orders:(8 hours)

Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation; Power series solutions; Legendre polynomials, Bessel functions of the first kind and their properties.

Module 4: Complex Variable – Differentiation:(8 hours):

Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties; Conformal mappings, Mobius transformations and their properties.

Module 5: Complex Variable – Integration:(8 hours):

Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem (without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof), Liouville's theorem and Maximum-Modulus theorem (without proof); Taylor's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine, Evaluation of certain improper integrals using the Bromwich contour.

Textbooks/References:

1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

3. W. E. Boyce and R. C. DiPrima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, 9th Edn., Wiley India, 2009.

4. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.

5. E. A. Coddington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hall India, 1995.

6. E. L. Ince, Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 1958.

7. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7th Ed., Mc- Graw Hill, 2004.

8. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.

9. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010

BSC106E: MATHEMATICS I1 (Probability and Statistics)

(CE, CSE, IT)

Module 1: Basic Probability (12 hours)

Probability spaces, conditional probability, independence; Discrete random variables, Independent random variables, the multinomial distribution, Poisson approximation to the binomial distribution, infinite sequences of Bernoulli trials, sums of independent random variables; Expectation of Discrete Random Variables, Moments, Variance of a sum, Correlation coefficient, Chebyshev's Inequality.

Module 2: Continuous Probability Distributions (4 hours)

Continuous random variables and their properties, distribution functions and densities, normal, exponential and gamma densities.

Module 3: Bivariate Distributions (4 hours)

Bivariate distributions and their properties, distribution of sums and quotients, conditional densities, Bayes' rule.

Module 4: Basic Statistics (8 hours)

Measures of Central tendency: Moments, skewness and Kurtosis - Probability distributions: Binomial, Poisson and Normal - evaluation of statistical parameters for these three distributions, Correlation and regression – Rank correlation.

Module 5: Applied Statistics (8 hours)

Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting of straight lines, second degree parabolas and more general curves. Test of significance: Large sample test for single proportion, difference of proportions, single mean, difference of means, and difference of standard deviations.

Module 6: Small samples (4 hours)

Test for single mean, difference of means and correlation coefficients, test for ratio of variances - Chi-square test for goodness of fit and independence of attributes.

Text / References:

1. E. Kreyszig, " Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

2. P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone, "Introduction to Probability Theory" , Universal Book Stall, 2003.

3. S. Ross, " A First Course in Probability" , Pearson Education India, 2002.

4. W. Feller, " An Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications" , Vol. 1, Wiley, 1968.

5. N.P. Bali and M. Goyal, " A text book of Engineering Mathematics" , Laxmi Publications,2010.

6. B.S. Grewal, " Higher Engineering Mathematics" , Khanna Publishers, 2000.

7. T. Veerarajan, " Engineering Mathematics" , Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010.

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Course code	ESC103(Th)/ESC105(Lab)				
Category	Engineering Science Course				
Course title	**Programming for Problem Solving (Theory & Lab.)**				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credit**	Semester – I/II
	3	**0**	**2**	**4**	
Pre-requisites (if any)	-				

(i)Programming for Problem Solving ([L : 3; T:0; P : 0 (3 credits)] [contact hrs : 40]

Detailed contents

Unit 1Introduction to Programming **(4 lectures)**

Introduction to components of a computer system (disks, memory, processor, where a program is stored and executed, operating system, compilers etc.) - **(1 lecture).**

Idea of Algorithm: steps to solve logical and numerical problems.

Representation of Algorithm: Flowchart/Pseudocode with examples. **(1 lecture)**

From algorithms to programs; source code, variables (with data types) variables and memory locations, Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code- **(2 lectures)**

Unit 2:Arithmetic expressions and precedence **(2 lectures)**

Conditional Branching and Loops **(6 lectures)**

Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching **(3 lectures)**

Iteration and loops **(3 lectures)**

Unit 3Arrays **(6 lectures)**

Arrays (1-D, 2-D), Character arrays and Strings

Unit 4 Basic Algorithms **(6 lectures)**

Searching, Basic Sorting Algorithms (Bubble, Insertion and Selection), Finding roots of equations, notion of order of complexity through example programs (no formal definition required)

Unit 5 Function **(5 lectures)**

Functions (including using built in libraries), Parameter passing in functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions: idea of call by reference

Unit 6Recursion **(4 -5 lectures)**

Recursion, as a different way of solving problems. Example programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series, Ackerman function etc. Quick sort or Merge sort.

Unit 7Structure **(4 lectures)**
Structures, Defining structures and Array of Structures

Unit 8Pointers **(2 lectures)**
Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, notion of linked list (no implementation)

Unit 9File handling (only if time is available, otherwise should be done as part of the lab)

Suggested Text Books

(i) Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
(ii) E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, Tata McGraw-Hill

Suggested Reference Books

(i) Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India

Course Outcomes

The student will learn

- To formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.
- To translate the algorithms to programs (in C language).
- To test and execute the programs and correct syntax and logical errors.
- To implement conditional branching, iteration and recursion.
- To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using divide and conquer approach.
- To use arrays, pointers and structures to formulate algorithms and programs.
- To apply programming to solve matrix addition and multiplication problems and searching and sorting problems.
- To apply programming to solve simple numerical method problems, namely rot finding of function, differentiation of function and simple integration.

(ii)Laboratory - Programming for Problem Solving[L : 0; T:0 ; P : 4 (2credits)]
[The laboratory should be preceded or followed by a tutorial to explain the approach or algorithm to be implemented for the problem given.]

Tutorial 1: Problem solving using computers:
Lab1: Familiarization with programming environment

Tutorial 2: Variable types and type conversions:
Lab 2: Simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions

Tutorial 3: Branching and logical expressions:
Lab 3: Problems involving if-then-else structures

Tutorial 4: Loops, while and for loops:

Lab 4: Iterative problems e.g., sum of series

Tutorial 5: 1D Arrays: searching, sorting:
Lab 5: 1D Array manipulation

Tutorial 6: 2D arrays and Strings
Lab 6: Matrix problems, String operations

Tutorial 7: Functions, call by value:
Lab 7: Simple functions

Tutorial 8 &9: Numerical methods (Root finding, numerical differentiation, numerical integration):
Lab 8 and 9: Programming for solving Numerical methods problems

Tutorial 10: Recursion, structure of recursive calls
Lab 10: Recursive functions

Tutorial 11: Pointers, structures and dynamic memory allocation
Lab 11: Pointers and structures

Tutorial 12: File handling:
Lab 12: File operations

Laboratory Outcomes

- To formulate the algorithms for simple problems
- To translate given algorithms to a working and correct program
- To be able to correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers
- To be able to identify and correct logical errors encountered at run time
- To be able to write iterative as well as recursive programs
- To be able to represent data in arrays, strings and structures and manipulate them through a program
- To be able to declare pointers of different types and use them in defining self- referential structures.
- To be able to create, read and write to and from simple text files.

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Course code	HSMC 101(Th)/HSMC102(Lab)				
Category	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management				
Course title	**English (Theory & Lab.)**				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credit**	Semester – I/II
	2	**0**	**2**	**3**	
Pre-requisites (if any)	-				

English
Detailed contents

1. Vocabulary Building

The concept of Word Formation
Root words from foreign languages and their use in English
Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives.
Synonyms, antonyms, and standard abbreviations.

2. Basic Writing Skills

Sentence Structures
Use of phrases and clauses in sentences
Importance of proper punctuation
Creating coherence
Organizing principles of paragraphs in documents
Techniques for writing precisely

3. Identifying Common Errors in Writing

Subject-verb agreement
Noun-pronoun agreement
Misplaced modifiers
Articles
Prepositions
Redundancies
Clichés

4. Nature and Style of sensible Writing

Describing
Defining
Classifying
Providing examples or evidence

5. Writing introduction and conclusion

6. Writing Practices

Comprehension
Précis Writing
Essay Writing

7. Oral Communication

(This unit involves interactive practice sessions in Language Lab)

- Listening Comprehension
- Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm
- Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues
- Communication at Workplace
- Interviews
- Formal Presentations

Suggested Readings:

(i) *Practical English Usage.* Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
(ii) *Remedial English Grammar.* F.T. Wood. acmillan.2007
(iii) *On Writing Well.* William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
(iv) *Study Writing.* Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
(v) *Communication Skills*. Sanjay Kumar and PushpLata. Oxford University Press. 2011.
(vi) *Exercises in Spoken English.* Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press

Course Outcomes

The student will acquire basic proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writing and speaking skills.

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Course code	ESC 102				
Category	Engineering Science Courses				
Course title	**Engineering Graphics & Design (Theory & Lab.)**				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credit**	Semester - I
	1	**0**	**4**	**3**	
Pre-requisites (if any)	-				

Engineering Graphics & Design
[[L : 0; T:0; P : 4 (2 credits)]

Detailed contents

Traditional Engineering Graphics:

Principles of Engineering Graphics; Orthographic Projection; Descriptive Geometry; Drawing Principles; Isometric Projection; Surface Development; Perspective; Reading a Drawing; Sectional Views; Dimensioning & Tolerances; True Length, Angle; intersection, Shortest Distance.

Computer Graphics:

Engineering Graphics Software; -Spatial Transformations; Orthographic

Projections; Model Viewing; Co-ordinate Systems; Multi-view Projection; Exploded Assembly; Model Viewing; Animation; Spatial Manipulation; Surface Modelling; Solid Modelling; Introduction to Building Information Modelling (BIM)

Module 1: Introduction to Engineering Drawing covering,
Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Conic sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola (General method only); Cycloid, Epicycloid, Hypocycloid and Involute; Scales – Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales;

Module 2: Orthographic Projections covering,
Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of Points and lines inclined to both planes; Projections of planes inclined Planes - Auxiliary Planes;

Module 3: Projections of Regular Solids covering,
those inclined to both the Planes- Auxiliary Views; Draw simple annotation, dimensioning and scale. Floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc.

Module 4:Sections and Sectional Views of Right Angular Solids covering,
Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary Views; Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solids - Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder and Cone; Draw the sectional orthographic views of geometrical solids, objects from industry and dwellings (foundation to slab only)

Module 5: Isometric Projections **covering,**
Principles of Isometric projection – Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conventions; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids; Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa, Conventions;

Module 6: Overview of Computer Graphics covering,
listing the computer technologies that impact on graphical communication, Demonstrating knowledge of the theory of CAD software [such as: The Menu System, Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Background, Crosshairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus (Button Bars), The Command Line (where applicable), The Status Bar, Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids];

Module 7: Customisation& CAD Drawing
consisting of set up of the drawing page and the printer, including scale settings, Setting up of units and drawing limits; ISO and ANSI standards for

coordinate dimensioning and tolerancing; Orthographic constraints, Snap to objects manually and automatically; Producing drawings by using various coordinate input entry methods to draw straight lines, Applying various ways of drawing circles;

Module 8: Annotations, layering & other functions covering
applying dimensions to objects, applying annotations to drawings; Setting up and use of Layers, layers to create drawings, Create, edit and use customized layers; Changing line lengths through modifying existing lines (extend/lengthen); Printing documents to paper using the print command; orthographic projection techniques; Drawing sectional views of composite right regular geometric solids and project the true shape of the sectioned surface; Drawing annotation, Computer-aided design (CAD) software modeling of parts and assemblies. Parametric and non-parametric solid, surface, and wireframe models. Part editing and two-dimensional documentation of models. Planar projection theory, including sketching of perspective, isometric, multiview, auxiliary, and section views. Spatial visualization exercises. Dimensioning guidelines, tolerancing techniques; dimensioning and scale multi views of dwelling;

Module 9: Demonstration of a simple team design project *that illustrates*
Geometry and topology of engineered components: creation of engineering models and their presentation in standard 2D blueprint form and as 3D wire-frame and shaded solids; meshed topologies for engineering analysis and tool-path generation for component manufacture; geometric dimensioning and tolerancing; Use of solid-modeling software for creating associative models at the component and assembly levels; floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc. Applying colour coding according to building drawing practice; Drawing sectional elevation showing foundation to ceiling; Introduction to Building Information Modelling (BIM).

Suggested Text/Reference Books:

(i) Bhatt N.D., Panchal V.M. & Ingle P.R., (2014), Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House
(ii) Shah, M.B. & Rana B.C. (2008), Engineering Drawing and Computer Graphics, Pearson Education
(iii) Agrawal B. & Agrawal C. M. (2012), Engineering Graphics, TMH Publication
(iv) Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Text book on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publishers
(v) (Corresponding set of) CAD Software Theory and User Manuals

Course Outcomes

All phases of manufacturing or construction require the conversion of new ideas and design concepts into the basic line language of graphics. Therefore, there are many areas (civil, mechanical, electrical, architectural and industrial) in which the skills of the CAD technicians play major roles in the design and development of new products or construction. Students prepare for actual work situations through practical training in a new state-of-the-art computer designed CAD laboratory using engineering software. This course is designed to address:

- to prepare you to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- to prepare you to communicate effectively
- to prepare you to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice

The student will learn :

- Introduction to engineering design and its place in society
- Exposure to the visual aspects of engineering design
- Exposure to engineering graphics standards
- Exposure to solid modeling
- Exposure to computer-aided geometric design
- Exposure to creating working drawings
- Exposure to engineering communication

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Course code	ESC 101(Th)/ESC105(Lab)				
Category	Engineering Science Course				
Course title	**Basic Electrical Engineering (Theory & Lab.)**				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credit**	Semester –I/II
	3	**1**	**2**	**5**	
Pre-requisites (if any)	**-**				

(i)Basic Electrical Engineering [L : 3; T:1; P : 0 (4 credits)]

Detailed contents :

Module 1 : DC Circuits (8 hours)

Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, Kirchoff current and voltage laws, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems. Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.

Module 2: AC Circuits (8 hours)

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor. Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance. Three- phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

Module 3: Transformers (6 hours)

Magnetic materials, BH characteristics, ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency. Auto-

transformer and three-phase transformer connections.

Module 4: Electrical Machines (8 hours)

Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic. Loss components and efficiency, starting and speed control of induction motor. Single-phase induction motor. Construction, working, torque-speed characteristic and speed control of separately excited dc motor. Construction and working of synchronous generators.

Module 5: Power Converters (6 hours)

DC-DC buck and boost converters, duty ratio control. Single-phase and three-phase voltage source inverters; sinusoidal modulation.

Module 6: Electrical Installations (6 hours)

Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

Suggested Text / Reference Books

(i) D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
(ii) D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009.
(iii) L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
(iv) E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
(v) V. D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989.

Course Outcomes

- To understand and analyze basic electric and magnetic circuits
- To study the working principles of electrical machines and power converters.
- To introduce the components of low voltage electrical installations

(ii) Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory [L : 0; T:0 ; P : 2 (1 credit)]

List of experiments/demonstrations:

- Basic safety precautions. Introduction and use of measuring instruments – voltmeter, ammeter, multi-meter, oscilloscope. Real-life resistors, capacitors and inductors.
- Measuring the steady-state and transient time-response of R-L, R-C, and R-L-C circuits to a step change in voltage (transient may be observed on a storage oscilloscope). Sinusoidal steady state response of R-L, and R-C circuits – impedance calculation and verification. Observation of phase differences between current and voltage. Resonance in R-L-C circuits.
- Transformers: Observation of the no-load current waveform on an oscilloscope (non- sinusoidal wave-shape due to B-H curve nonlinearity should be shown along with a discussion about harmonics). Loading of a

transformer: measurement of primary and secondary voltages and currents, and power.

- Three-phase transformers: Star and Delta connections. Voltage and Current relationships (line-line voltage, phase-to-neutral voltage, line and phase currents). Phase-shifts between the primary and secondary side. Cumulative three-phase power in balanced three-phase circuits.
- Demonstration of cut-out sections of machines: dc machine (commutator-brush arrangement), induction machine (squirrel cage rotor), synchronous machine (field winging - slip ring arrangement) and single-phase induction machine.
- Torque Speed Characteristic of separately excited dc motor.
- Synchronous speed of two and four-pole, three-phase induction motors. Direction reversal by change of phase-sequence of connections. Torque-Slip Characteristic of an induction motor. Generator operation of an induction machine driven at super- synchronous speed.
- Synchronous Machine operating as a generator: stand-alone operation with a load. Control of voltage through field excitation.
- Demonstration of (a) dc-dc converters (b) dc-ac converters – PWM waveform (c) the use of dc-ac converter for speed control of an induction motor and (d) Components of LT switchgear.

Laboratory Outcomes

- Get an exposure to common electrical components and their ratings.
- Make electrical connections by wires of appropriate ratings.
- Understand the usage of common electrical measuring instruments.
- Understand the basic characteristics of transformers and electrical machines.
- Get an exposure to the working of power electronic converters.

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Course code	ESC 104/ ESC 106				
Category	Engineering Science Courses				
Course title	**Workshop-I** **Workshop-II**				
Scheme and Credits	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Credit**	Semester-I/II
	-	**0**	**4**	**2**	
Pre-requisites (if any)	-				

Workshop-I/II [[L : 0; T:0; P : 4 (2 credits)]

MECHANICAL WORKSHOP (Group –I)

Course Outcomes (COs): After studying this course the students would:

CO 1- Have exposure to mechanical workshop layout and safety aspects.

CO 2- Understand the functions of various machines and cutting tools used in machine shop.

CO 3- Practice real time job preparation using various operations related to machine shop such as filing, drilling, milling & turning.

CO 4 - Practice job preparation in welding shop.

CO 5 - Learn to use different measuring tools like vernier caliper, vernier height gauge and micrometer.

CO 6 - Practice job preparation in sheet metal shop.

List of Exercises:

Fitting, sheet metal and welding workshop:

1. To study layout, safety measures and different engineering materials (mild steel, medium carbon steel, high carbon steel, high speed steel and cast iron etc) used in workshop.
2. To study and use of different types of tools, equipments, devices & machines used in fitting, sheet metal and welding section.
3. To determine the least count of vernier calliper, vernier height gauge, micrometer and take different reading over given metallic pieces using these instruments.
4. To study and demonstrate the parts, specifications & operations performed on lathe machine.
5. To study and demonstrate the parts, specifications & operations performed on milling machine.
6. To study and demonstrate the parts, specifications & operations performed on shaper machine.
7. To prepare a job involving different type of filing practice exercise in specified dimensions.
8. To prepare a job involving multi operational exercise (drilling, counter sinking,

tapping, reaming, hack sawing etc.)

9. To prepare a multi operational sheet metal job (self secured single groove joint/ hasp & stay etc.).
10. To practice striking an arc, straight short bead, straight continuous bead and restart of electrode in flat position by arc welding on given M.S. plate as per size.
11. To practice tack weld of two close plate in flat position by arc welding on given M.S. plate as per size.
12. To practice close butt joint in flat position by arc welding on given M.S. plate as per size.

NOTE: - At least nine exercises should be performed from the above list; remaining three may either be performed from above list or designed by the concerned institution as per the scope of the syllabus and facilities available in institute.

(Group –II)
PART-A
Computer Engineering Workshop

Course Outcomes (COs):

After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO1- Acquire skills in basic engineering practice.

CO2- Have working knowledge of various equipments used in workshop.

CO3- Have hands on experience about various machines and their components.

CO4- Obtain practical skills of basic operation and working of tools used in the workshop.

1. To study and demonstrate Block diagram of Digital Computer System and brief explanation of each unit.
2. To demonstrate History/ Generation/ classifications and different types of Personnel Computer.To study and demonstrate internal parts of a Computer System (Card level) and other peripheral devices and explanation of POST & BIOS.
3. To study and demonstrate primary memory and secondary memory.
4. To demonstrate CPU Block diagram and other Peripheral chips, Mother Board/ Main Board and its parts, Connectors, Add On Card Slots etc.
5. To study working of various types of monitors: CRT type, LCD type & LED type.
6. To study Keyboard and Mouse: Wired, Wireless, Scroll & Optical with detail working.
7. To study Printers: Dot Matrix Printers, Daisy wheel Printers, Ink-Jet Printers and Laser Jet Printers with detailed working explanation.
8. Assembly / Installation and Maintenance of Personnel Computer Systems: Practical exercise on assembly of Personnel Computer System, Installation of

Operating System: Windows & Linux etc, Installation of other Application Softwares and Utility Softwares, Fault finding in Personnel Computers: Software or Hardware wise, Virus: Introduction, its Types & Removal techniques, Data Backup and Restore, Data Recovery Concepts, Typical causes of Data loss.

9. To demonstrate networking concepts: Introduction of Connecting devices: Hub, Switch & Router etc, Networking Cable preparation: Normal & Cross Cables, Data Transferring Techniques from one Computer System to another Computer System, Configuration of Switch/ Routers etc.

PART-B

Electrical Workshop

1. Introduction of Electrical Safety precautions, Electrical Symbols, Electrical Materials, abbreviations commonly used in Electrical Engg. and familiarization with tools used in Electrical Works.
2. To make a Straight Joint & Tee joint on 7/22 PVC wire and Britannia Joint on GI wire.
3. To study fluorescent Tube Light, Sodium Lamp and High Pressure Mercury Vapour Lamp.
4. To study different types of earthing and protection devices e.g. MCBs, ELCBs and fuses.
5. To study different types of domestic and industrial wiring and wire up a circuit used for Stair case and Godown wiring.
6. To make the connection of fan regulator with lamp to study the effect of increasing and decreasing resistance in steps on the lamp.
7. To fabricate half wave and full wave rectifiers with filters on PCB.
8. Maintenance and Repair of Electrical equipment i,e Electric Iron , Electric Toaster ,Water heater, Air coolers and Electric Fans etc.
9. To study soldering process with simple soldering exercises.
10. To make the connection of a three core cable to three pin power plug and connect the other cable end by secured eyes connection using 23/0.0076”or 40/0.0076” cable.

PART- C

Electronics Workshop

1. To study and demonstrate basic electronic components, Diode, Transistor, Resistance, Inductor and capacitor.
2. To study and demonstrate resistance color coding, measurement using color code and multimeter and error calculation considering tolerance of resistance.
3. To study and demonstrate Multimeter and CRO- front panel controls, description of block diagram of CRT and block diagram of CRO.
4. To study and demonstrate Vp(peak voltage),Vpp(peak to peak voltage), Time, frequency and phase using CRO.
5. Introduction to function generator. Functions of front panel controls and measurement of different functions on CRO.

6. To study and demonstrate variable DC regulated power supply, function of controls and DC measurement using multimeter and CRO.
7. Soldering practice on wire mesh or a resistance decade board includes fabrication, soldering, lacing, harnessing forming and observation.
8. Testing of components using multimeter and CRO like diode, transistor, resistance capacitor, Zener diode and LED.
9. To study and demonstrate rectification, half wave, Full wave and bridge rectifier. Fabrication,assembly and waveform observation.
10. To design and fabricate a printed circuit board of a Zener regulated/ series regulated power supply and various measurements, testing of power supply.

Note: At least 8 exercises are to be performed from each part by the students.